May 28, 1772. NUMB. 2266.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, March 13.

An ACT *for the better* REGULATING *the* FUTURE MARRIAGES *of the* ROYAL FAMILY.

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN,

WHEREAS your Majeſty, from your paternal affection to your own family, and from your royal concern for the future welfare of your people, and the honour and dignity of your Crown, was graciouſly pleaſed to recommend to your Parliament, to take into their ſerious conſideration, whether it might not be wiſe and expedient to ſupply the defects of the laws now in being, and by ſome new proviſions, more effectually to guard the deſcendants of his late Majeſty King George the Second (other than the iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign families) from marrying without the approbation of your Majeſty, your heirs or ſucceſſors, firſt had and obtained:

We have taken this weighty matter into our ſerious conſideration, and being ſenſible that marriages in the Royal Family are of the higheſt importance to the ſtate, and that therefore the Kings of this realm have ever been intruſted with the care and approbation thereof; and being thoroughly convinced of the wiſdom and expediency of what your Majeſty has thought fit to recommend upon this occaſion:

We, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, do humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, that no deſcendant of the body of his late Majeſty King George the Second, being the grand children and preſumptive heirs of the reigning King, male or female, (other than the iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign families) ſhall be capable of contracting matrimony, without previous conſent of his Majeſty, his heirs, or ſucceſſors, ſignified under his or their ſign manual, and declared in council (which conſent, the better to preſerve the memory thereof, is hereby directed to be ſet out in the licence and regiſter of marriage, and to be entered in the books of the Privy Council) and that every marriage, or matrimonial contract, of any ſuch deſcendant, without ſuch conſent firſt had and obtained, ſhall be null and void, to all intents and purpoſes whatſoever.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any ſuch deſcendant of the body of his late Majeſty King George the Second, being above the age of twenty-five years, ſhall perſiſt in his or her reſolution, to contract a marriage, diſapproved of, or diſſented from, by the King, his heirs or ſucceſſors, that then ſuch deſcendant, upon giving notice to the King's Privy Council, which notice is hereby directed to be entered in the books thereof, may, at any time, from the expiration of twelve calendar months after ſuch notice given to the Privy Council aforeſaid, contract ſuch marriage; and his, or her marriage, with the perſon before propoſed and rejected, may be duly ſolemnized, and ſhall be good, without the previous conſent of his Majeſty, his heirs, or ſucceſſors, as if this act had never been made, unleſs both Houſes of Parliament ſhall, before the expiration of twelve months, expreſly declare their diſapprobation of ſuch intended marriage.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that every perſon who ſhall knowingly, or wilfully, preſume to ſolemnize, or to aſſiſt, or be preſent, at the celebration of any marriage with any ſuch deſcendant, or at his, or her, making any matrimonial contract, without ſuch conſent as aforeſaid, firſt had and obtained, except in the caſes above mentioned, ſhall be duly convicted thereof, incur and ſuffer the pains and penalties ordained and provided by the ſtatute of proviſions and præmunire, made in the ſixteenth year of the reign of Richard the Second.

DOUGLAS, HERON, and COMPANY,

Have imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and the Britannia, Captain Falconer, from London, the Lydia, Captain Dean, from Liverpool, and the Buchanan, Captain Moodie, from Glaſgow,

A LARGE and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms, at their ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets; among which are, A great variety of plain, ſtriped and figured 7-8ths, 5 4ths, and 6-4ths wide lawns and kentings, flowered and ſtriped bordered lawn aprons, kenting handkerchiefs, 7-8ths and 3-4ths French lawns and cambricks, plain muſlin and cypreſs gauze, ſtriped and figured ditto, Paris, ſpider and lace nets, black and white catgut, ſilk gauze handkerchiefs, ſilk, cotton and thread hoſe, womens coloured and black ſilk mitts, printed cottons, chintzes and calicoes, printed and copper-plate handkerchiefs, Manchester checks and ſtriped hollands, check handkercbiefs, Scotch and Iriſh linen, Ruſſia ſheeting and drilling, clouting diaper, German dowlas, bed-bunts and tickens, brown hollands, ſattins, modes and perſians, bandanoe and romal handkerchiefs, Barcelona ditto, white and coloured threads, ſewing ſilks and knee-garters, tapes and bobbins, fine quality and coat bindings, garters and laces, mohair and twiſt baſket buttons, metal and horn ditto, mohair and London twiſt, coloured and black calimancoes, durants, ſhaloons and tammies, writing-paper, common and gilt bibles, half yard and 3-4ths figured drawboys, dyed jeans and pillows, table-cloths and diaper, buckram, blond and black ſilk lace, thread trolly and edging, ſtraw and chip hats, coloured and black ribbons, ſtriped and plain muſlins, mens and womens white and coloured gloves, fans and necklaces, ivory and horn combs, bended horn ditto, needles, pins, &c. with an aſſortment of HARDWARE.

N. B. Choice BELL's BEER, in bottles.

A LARGE Quantity of good CAROLINA SOAL LEATHER, choice new Rice, Orange Juice, Sago, Powder, and a few Bottles of Soy, to be ſold, by

BRIGHT and PEC-HIN,

At their STORE, in Water-ſtreet, about Midway between Race and Vine-ſtreets. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

A SCHOOL is opened at the Academy in NEWARK, New-Caſtle County, for teaching Engliſh Reading with Propriety, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Geometry and Algebra, with their Application to the moſt uſeful practical Branches, as Navigation, Surveying, Dialling, Merchants Accounts, &c. by JOHN WILSON. ¶

ROBERT and JOHN PROUD,

Have for ſale, at their ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, next door above the Church, a great variety of European and East-India GOODS, among which are,

SUPERFINE and common ſaggathies, double folded brown Ruſſia ſheeting, Iriſh brown and white ditto, dowlas, Iriſh linens, German and Scotch ozenbrigs, brown rolls, white Pomeranias, ravens duck, Ruſſia drilling, ticking and bedbunts, yard wide, 7-8ths, yard 3-8ths, 11 nails, and 3 qrs. checks and ſtripes, Wiggan or houſewife checks, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped cottons, fine cotton hollands, damaſcuſſes, loreſtos, pillow fuſtians, jeans, jeanets, callicoes, printed cottons, poplins, dorſetteens, an aſſortment of mantuas, ſilk and cotton romals, flowered and ſpotted bandanoes, bengals, perſians, taffeties, muſlin, broad piſtol, Scotch, and long lawns, cambricks and lawns in patches, kenting handkerchiefs, blue paſtework, and red bordered ditto, Barcelona, black and cloth coloured ſilk handkerchiefs, black ſilk cravats, black and light coloured ſattin and paduaſoy ribbands, flowered and figured ditto, black and cloth coloured breeches pieces, womens white thread hoſe, mens brown and white thread ditto, mens cotton ditto, mens worſted, ſilk and worſted, thread and worſted ditto, mens ſpun ſilk random ditto, childrens ſpotted and youths random ditto, womens worſted ditto, with white clocks, womens ſilk and worſted mitts, 2d. 3d. and 6d. ſilk ferreting, nankeens, ſewing ſilks, fans, ſpelling books, felt hats, Tully gartering, London quality, coat, ſhoe, and ſtay bindings, Holland common and ſtriped tapes, laces, velvets, and velverets, worſted and hair ſhag, low priced broad and ſuperfine narrow cloths, camblets, durants, ſhalloons, callimancoes, worſted damaſk, red, white, emboſſed and ſcarlet flannels, coloured and other threads, womens lamb mitts, bobbin, ivory and horn combs, mock tortoiſe bent ditto, baſket buttons, needle-work ditto, mohair, ſilk and hair ſcarf twiſt, wire ſhirt buttons, moulds ditto, writing paper of different kinds, needles of various ſorts, pins ditto, brown buckram, Turlington's balſam, eye water, corks, tobacco pipes, &c.

Likewiſe, ſundry hardware, as various kinds of table knives and forks, piſtol capt knives, cutteaus, Barlow and other penknives, burnt bone knives, hunters, ſhoemakers, and butchers knives, ſciſſars, thimbles, ſteel, white and yellow metal buckles, braſs copper and Bath metal ditto of different kinds, razors, taylors and ſheep ſhears, glaſs and yellow links of different ſorts, knitting needles, handſaw files, Dunſcomb plain and carved metal buttons, ſilvered, lackered, and ivory, tied and ſhanked ditto, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, ſlide and other carpenters rules, paper and braſs ink pots with penknives, iron and ſteel compaſſes of different ſizes, coopers ditto, ditto, bright ſhoe nippers, wire cutting ditto, black and bright pincers, tap and bung borers, houſe bells, drawing knives, ſocket chizzels, rabbit irons, long firmers, hand ſaws, and Vigo horn buttons, with many other articles, ſuitable for any ſeaſon.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday, the Third of JUNE,

A VALUABLE Merchant MILL, adjoining with 150 ACRES of LAND, lying upon Little Brandywine, in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, diſtant from Cheſter 28, and from Philadelphia 33 miles, the mill-houſe very large, and built with ſtone, two pair of mill-ſtones, the dwelling-houſe built with logs; there are about 35 acres of land cleared, about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and ſeveral acres more may be made, which can be watered all out of Brandywine. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock in the morning; where due attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given, with paying £ 300 in hand, and £ 800 in the ſpring following, and the remainder part to be paid as may be agreed upon at the day of ſale.

¶ JOSHUA PHIPPS.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 220 acres of choice land, well wooded and watered, and adjoining lands of John Dickinſon and Thomas Lawrence, Eſqrs. and others, 3 miles and an half from the ſaid city; there is on the premiſes a large brick dwelling-houſe, a log barn and ſtables, a large garden, paled in, and a good well of water; a never failing ſtream runs along the ſaid land, affording ſome convenient ſituations for erecting paper-mills, or oil mills, now much wanted near the city. The land ſhall be divided into four tracts, for the convenience of purchaſers, if neceſſary, and an indiſputable title will be given, and reaſonable time for one half the purchaſe-monies, if required, by the ſubſcriber, at James Byrne's, in Philadelphia. ‖ PATRICK BYRNE.

The ſaid plantation letts for 50l. a year, to a tenant at will.

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A GENTEEL and convenient tenement, very pleaſantly ſituated in an open airy ſpot, about 2 miles from this city, nearly oppoſite Andrew Haney's, in Paſſyunk townſhip; it is admirably well calculated for a rural retirement, during the ſummer months in particular, for any Gentleman or Lady of taſte; commanding an extenſive view of the river Delaware, and the numerous ſhipping going to and from Philadelphia, and indeed affords a charming and luxuriant proſpect on every ſide. For terms, which will be reaſonable, apply to THOMAS JAMES, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third ſtreets.

Upper Merion, Twelfth Month 14, 1772.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, a brown horſe, about 14 hands high, has neither brand or ear-mark, that is remembered; ſhod before, is a natural pacer, and between 6 and 7 years old; has one white hind foot; his mane hangs on both ſides, has a very long foretop. The above horſe is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by one William Caldwell, an Iriſhman, about 24 or 25 years of age, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and was dreſſed with a homeſpun coat, of a browniſh colour, a dove coloured velvet waiſtcoat, and a white flannel one under it, a pair of old dirty leather breeches, a pair of white ſtockings, and a pair of old leggings, made of ſtockings, a pair of ordinary ſhoes. He alſo ſtole 3 green hides. As he croſſed the Middle Ferry laſt night, it is ſuppoſed he is in or near this city, or gone into the Jerſeys, as he hath a wife near Burlington, where it is ſuppoſed he hath concealed the horſe. Whoever takes up ſaid thief and horſe, and ſecures them, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have the horſe and hides, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or Eight Dollars for the horſe only, paid by PETER MATSON, *in Upper Merion aforeſaid, or* PETER DENAVEN, *in Philadelphia.* ¶

To be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms, for CASH, or ſhort CREDIT, by

MARY EDDY,

At her IRONMONGERY STORE, the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and oppoſite to Black-horſe-alley, Philadelphia, a large and very neat aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, SADLERY and GLASS WARE, &c. conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

THREE, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24 and 30d. fine drawn and common nails; 2, 3, 4 and 6d. trunk nails; 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8d. clout nails; 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 12 and 20d. ſprigs; 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 and 18 oz. tacks; hob-nails; ſplinter, pad, cheſt, cupboard, book and clock caſe, drawer, writing deſk, braſs and iron deſk and proſpect locks; ring horſe ditto; braſs caſe, braſs knob, ring and mortice locks of various ſizes; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14 inch ſtock locks; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14 and 16 inch HL hinges; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch H ditto; cheſt, ſtrap, dovetail, table and T ditto of different ſizes---Deſk, book and clock caſe H, tea cheſt, proſpect door and card table braſs ditto; 1-qr. 1-half, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, 2 and half and 3 inch flat and round head braſs and iron ſcrews; braſs knob, and ring and thumb latches; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 12 inch round plate bolts; 3, 4, 5 and 6 inch flat plate bolts; 3, 4 and 5 inch braſs knob ditto; book caſe and chamber door braſs ditto; braſs knob and window ſcrews; ſcrew rings, cupboard turns, cloak pins, chimney hooks, braſs ſconces, and houſe bells; common and high poliſhed braſs head and iron ſhovels and tongs, and braſs fenders; plain, braſs knob and high poliſhed iron candleſticks and ſnuffers; curtain rings, eagles feet for tea cheſts; common and chamber bellows, round and long braſs tea table catches, and common box and braſs caſtors; mill, pit, croſs-cut, hand, tenant, ſaſh, dovetail, compaſs, woodcutters and grafting ſaws; ſocket, paring, turning, mortice, firmers and other chiſels and gouges; half inch, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, and 2 and qr. inch augers; black ſcore, beſt double worm box handled, ſingle worm, aſh handled, and ſpike gimblets; tap and bung borers, center, gouge and auger noſe, taper and other bits; coopers drawing knives; carpenters and coopers adzes and axes; carpenters nippers, ſawſets, red and black lead pencils; ſmoothing, jack, long jointer, rabbit, plow and moulding plane irons; ſugar and nail nippers; plated ſpurs and buckles; womens, barbers and horſe ſciſſars, and taylor's ſhears; a variety of razors; an aſſortment of ſtag, and white and green ivory handle, and other knives and forks, butchers knives and ſteels, Barlow, oyſter, cutteau, piſtol capt and other knives; cheeſe taſters; plaiſterers and bricklayers trowels; ſheep ſhears; curry and mane combs; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 inch flat and half round files and raſps; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch rat tail files; 12, 13 and 14 inch horſe ſhoe raſps; ſhoemaker's raſps; carpenters, ſhoemakers, ſaddlers and upholders hammers; carpenters ſquares, chalk lines, and one and two foot rules; ſaſh weights, pullies and lines; beſt Turkey oil ſtones, iron and braſs wire; beſt Dutch oil ſtints, cart and waggon boxes, pewter table and tea ſpoons; braſs and white metal cocks; iron coffee-mills, gun and piſtol locks, fiſh ſkins, chapes, common and Kirby fiſh-hooks, jack lines and glue; a neat aſſortment of braſs drawer handles and eſcutcheons, cupboard and book-caſe ditto, ſilvered, gilt and tinned coffin handles, inſcription plates, letters, and figures; temple ſpectacles, with ſteel and other caſes, and common Dutch ditto; cork ſcrews and ſad irons; T. Crowley's AC, No. 3, ſteel; aſſortment of vizes, anvils, ſledges and hammers, plate or ſheet iron, and ſheet braſs, long and ſhort handled frying pans, and labourers ſpades and ſhovels; Indian bar lead; ſhoemaker's awl blades, tacks, ſize ſticks, knives, nippers, pincers, braſs and iron ferrelled awl-hafts and punches; girth web, ſtriped and green cloſe ſingle ditto, broad and narrow bars and livery lace of various colours, croſs-bar and pluſh, ſilk whip laſhes, womens ſtirrups, mens plain and three-barred ditto, ſnaffle and Pelham bits, girth and crupper buckles, tooth prick irons, ſilvered head and throat buckles, ſilvered ſtaples and plates, tinned ſtaples and rings; a neat aſſortment of clock and watchmakers tools, watch faces, keys, ſeals and hands, inſide and outſide chains, a variety of watch glaſſes, pendants, &c. clock hands, gold locker, clock movements, finiſhed and unfiniſhed, with and without faces, and cat-gut for clocks, &c. glaſs quart, pint and half-pint decanters, pint, half-pint, gill and half-gill tumblers, common and enamelled wine glaſſes, ſalts, jelly glaſſes and crewets, by the crate or dozen, Taylor's window glaſs; and a neat aſſortment of earthen ware. Beſides the above goods, ſhe has a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.

Eaſton, May 16, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Wedneſday, the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Benjamin Vancamp, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, a certain tract of land, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, adjoining the lands of Cornelius Vancamp, and John Chambers, and containing about 150 acres; late the property of James Brooks; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. ‖

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of Jacob Stroud, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, on Wedneſday, the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain plantation and tract of land, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, adjoining the lands of Garret Brodhead, and others, and containing about 150 Acres, whereon are good buildings and plenty of meadow; late the property of Luke Brodhead; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by ¶ PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of Bartle Hoover, in the town of Northampton, on Saturday, the 13th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain lot of ground, adjoining the ſaid town, and land of David Deſhler, containing 100 feet ſquare, and whereon is a good tan-yard, and other buildings; late the property of Andrew Reep, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

* PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

May 14, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain THOMAS BLACKSHARE, of Kent County, on Delaware, did fraudulently obtain a Bond from me for the Sum of Seventeen Pounds Ten Shillings, bearing Date the 31ſt Day of March laſt, this is to forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment on ſaid Bond, as I am determined not to pay the ſame, or above one third Part thereof. ¶ COSTON BEAUCHAMP.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON, *March* 17.

Extract of a Letter from the Countess of M----n, now residing at Paris, to her Friends in Scotland.

"A Number of People of Rank and Fashion in this Capital have been missing from Time to Time; some of them were found in the River, from which it was concluded that they had made away with themselves. However, one Night, as a Gentleman was walking along the Streets, he was accosted, as he imagined, by a Woman of the Town. Having articled with her, she conducted him to her Lodgings. Entering the outer Door, she locked it, and put the Key in her Pocket; after which she led him through several Entries, using the same Ceremony at each. Arriving at last at her Chamber, she left him, on Purpose to fetch some Wine or other Cordial. In her Absence he began to reconnoitre the Room, and peeping into a Closet he spied two dead Men, whom he supposed had been newly deprived of Life. You may imagine what his Feelings were on such an Occasion; whatever they were, they did not bereave him of a notable Presence of Mind, which suggested to him the only Expedient that, in all Probability, could have saved him: At her Return he told her that he thought a small Collation would be proper for him before he went to Bed, for that he stood much in Need of Something to eat; and, if she pleased, he would go to a neighbouring Tavern, and give Orders concerning it. She opposed his going; he still insisted, and added, that she need not be afraid of his leaving her. To convince her that he had no such Intention, he would let his Watch and Purse remain until his Return; and throwing them on the Table, she permitted him to walk off. He soon returned, with a Party of Men; and upon searching the House, two Ruffians were found in Arms, hid in a large Chest, who being apprehended, and put to the Torture, confessed that they had robbed and murdered all those that were missing; that the two who were found in the Closet, were so lately murdered that they had not Time to conceal them, and that the Gentleman who made the Discovery, would also have been made away with, if he had staid a few Minutes longer in the House."

March 18. It is said that Mrs. Heinel, the celebrated Dancer at the Opera-house, cleared at her benefit a few nights ago, upwards of 1100l. How many of our poor would such a large sum have relieved at this dear season!

Saturday morning, as soon as it was light, it was discovered that some person had, in the night, written in large letters on the alcove of the Pantheon, THE HIGH ROAD TO HELL. Many people assembled by degrees, who all agreed that it was a true description; one, however, proposed an amendment, which was, that it should have been written, ONE OF THE HIGH ROADS, &c. there being many besides that.

March 20. A Correspondent observes, that the opposition to the Royal Marriage Bill, is a proof that there is more virtue among the Great than some people have imagined.

The late Earl of Halifax's estates are, we hear, at sale for the payment of his debts, which amount to 160,000l. Ninety-five thousand pounds have been refused for one of these estates in the North, and the precision with which the noble Testator takes care to provide for the satisfaction of his creditors, does very great honour to his memory.

Judge Aston, in a late charge to the Grand Jury of Middlesex, recommended it to them to inquire particularly into all places of public entertainment, that had a manifest tendency to corrupt the morals of the people; when a Juryman said, that he intended to advise his brethren to present the Pantheon and the Soho Assembly, as places that came under that description, and asked his Lordship if he would lend them his assistance.

March 24. It is confidently asserted, that a Patent is preparing to appoint the Solicitor General Lord High Chancellor of England.

By the last accounts from Dublin we learn, that rioting had risen to such a high pitch there, that a battle was fought between the mob and the military, in which the former were victorious, and drove the latter into their barracks; that several persons were killed, among whom was a clergyman, who interfered to make peace.

March 28. A bill is prepared, and ready to be brought into Parliament, as soon as the Marriage Bill is over, relative to the franking of letters. By this bill every member in franking is to date the letter, which can only pass free for that date.---A very great saving to the Post-Office is expected from this regulation.

The King of Prussia, who reads all the English Papers, was very much offended at a paragraph which insinuated, that he was at the bottom of the Danish revolution. He has authorised his Ambassador in London to declare in every company the falshood of the insinuation.

March 27. A Correspondent has just favoured us with the secret causes, which facilitated the treaty of peace concluded at the Russian head quarters at Jassy, between the Czarina and the Porte.

The Sultan, alarmed at the destruction of -------- in the Archipelago, and the subsequent total defeat of his armies on the Danube, dispatched as the last resource, an agent to the court of Vienna. This Officer arrived, as early as the 15th of October 1770, and privately delivered his credentials to the imperial court. A treaty was immediately entered upon; the chief article of which was, that the Emperor, in consideration of a subsidy of one million five hundred thousand pounds, was to send thirty thousand of his best troops down the Danube, to join the scattered remains of the Ottoman army. To expedite the departure of the troops, five hundred thousand pounds were paid in jewels into the hands of the treasurer; and orders were soon after issued for several regiments to rendezvous on the Danube.

The Emperor either was a stranger to the internal state of his own country, or his avarice induced him to overlook it. A series of bad seasons had almost introduced a famine into the hereditary dominions, and even the neighbouring countries of Germany felt an unusual scarcity of grain from the same cause. It was difficult to maintain the troops even in their cantonments: To form magazines for an army in the field was impossible. A message of excuse was immediately sent to Constantinople; and the Divan, who promised to themselves a fortunate issue to a disastrous war, were thrown into the utmost perplexity. The officer who was employed in this secret embassy, was called before the Sultan, who, in his eagerness for availing himself of the great power of his new ally, remitted by the officer another third of the subsidy, to buy corn at any price. This last supply was productive of no beneficial consequences: Grain could not be produced at any price; but the money was retained for a future occasion.

A Great Personage has signified his intention of sending 500 l. towards the lowering the price of provisions.

By Captain RUSSELL, *arrived at* New-York *from* Newry, *we have the following* ADVICES, viz.

COPENHAGEN, March 10.

THE Counts de Thott, Schack and Rentlau, Ministers of State, and Privy Counsellors; and the Baron de Juel Wind, Privy Counsellor, and M. Stampe, Counsellor of Conference, who went to Cronenbourg on the 8th, returned here yesterday. Soon after their arrival, Lieutenant General Koller de Banner set out for Elsineur. Baron Diede de Furstenheim, the King's Minister to the Court of London, is, it is said, recalled, in order to go and reside in the same character at Petersburgh. It is assured he will be replaced by the Chamberlain de Rantzaw.

March 14. The regiment of horse guards, which underwent a reform the 25th of May last, is going to be set on foot again; it is to consist of four squadrons of sixty men each, and the command of it will be given to Count d' Achiefeldt.

It is assured, that all the persons that are actually in the service of Queen Caroline Matilda, are going to be dismissed, and replaced by others.

LONDON.

March 27. Last night letters were received from Dr. Jebb, at Rome, which give an account, that His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester was quite restored to a good state of health, that he intended to set out for England in a few days, and that he hoped to be in town by the middle of April.

An enquiry is ordered to be made, what sort of a trade the inhabitants of Jamaica, and other Islands, have carried on, which have induced the Spaniards to take so many of their ships, and confine the men; and if it is found that it is only a false pretence of their carrying on an illegal trade, then a demand will be made to restore the ships and people, and to pay all damages they may have sustained by being taken. There are upwards of 50 sailors confined at the Havanna.

Certain advice has been received, that the King of Prussia is now making warlike preparations with all possible dispatch.

Monday a harness maker in Oxford road cut his wife's throat; a surgeon was immediately sent for, who sewed up the wound, so that she spoke, notwithstanding which she bled inwardly, and expired in a few hours. The husband, as soon as he had committed this rash action, went and hanged himself.

March 28. The Stag man of war, Sir John Lindsay, from Madrass, is arrived at Portsmouth.

The Board of Trade have recommended Mr. L. de St. Pierre to the Lords of the Treasury, as a proper object of their encouragement, in return for that gentleman's having introduced the culture of vines, and the making of silk, at his settlement of New-Bourdeaux, in South-Carolina, which, it is not doubted, will be of the utmost benefit to this nation.

The excise revenue for Great-Britain amounted last year to upwards of four millions sterling.

March 30. We are happy in being able to convey to our readers the following authentic intelligence:

By advices from Madrass, of the 10th of October, our army was besieging the capital of Tanjour, which was on the point of surrendering. This opulent province paid formerly a tribute to Mahommed Ali, Nabob of the Carnatic, but has of late been guarranteed against that Prince by Hyder Ali.

Hyder Ali, after the decisive battle against him of last year, shut himself up in Sarengapatnam, where he is closely besieged by the Mahrattoes.

The Emperor, Shaw Allum, disgusted at the impolitic tyranny of the East-India Company, has thrown himself into the hands of the Mahrattoes, who have actually raised him to the throne of Delhi.

The use to which the Mahrattoes wish to turn the Emperor, is to give them a Firman for the three provinces of Bengal, Behar and Oriffa. So that, under the colour of a grant, the Company will be found to be attacked by the next advices.

Sujah Dowla has sent an embassy to Calcutta, soliciting an offensive and defensive league with the Company, which, in the present situation of affairs, will not probably be refused.

The French forces have found themselves obliged to return home from their islands of Mauritius and Bourbon, for want of provisions. The fortifications of Pondicherry are in no repair; and the few troops that were there have deserted.

It is certain that the surplus, in favour of the Company at Madrass, is only 50,000l. per annum, and that settlement costs us the lives of 1000 British subjects a year; so that we give away British subjects for 50s. a head.

The vigour which Madeorwa, the Chief of the Mahrattoes, at present exhibits in his operations in all quarters of the empire, seems to promise suddenly to his nation the sovereignty of Indostan. If therefore Hyder Ali, our only barrier, is destroyed, we have only 300,000 horse to contend with, to oppose their devastations and defend, even on the coast, a frontier of 1500 miles in length. Bengal is more safe, from its situation; though Shaw Allum is now, by the aid of the Mahrattoes, placed on the throne of Delhi.

The last advices left the Emperor within a few miles of the capital of his ancestors; and one may form an idea of the power of the Mahrattoes, from their settling a Prince on the throne of Delhi, and besieging Hyder Ali in his principal city, whilst all the intermediate country is their own.

Hyder Ali was on the brink of total ruin in his last action. He was surrounded by the enemy; he lost all his Europeans, and army, and narrowly escaped himself with his life. Yet, in the midst of his distress he has not lost his spirits. His letters to the Presidency of Madrass are in the stile of an independant Emperor.

In the month of July last a French ship came into the road of Madrass. The commander was in debt, and he mortgaged his vessel for a part of her value, to obtain money to clear himself. Mr. Whittle, a member of the Council, was the person who advanced the money, to the amount of 4000 pagodas; he therefore sent a person on board the ship to take charge of her till he was paid, and the mortgage redeemed. The Frenchman went, a few nights after, on board, and, slipping his cable, went out to sea. Mr. Whittle upon this applied to Sir John Lindsay, who gave an armed force, under Mr. Whittle's direction. The party consisted of an officer and twelve men. They set out in a vessel, overtook the ship upon the high seas, boarded her, and struck the French colours. Mr. Law, and all the French in India, consider this as a declaration of hostilities, there being goods on board the ship belonging to merchants in Pondicherry. The correspondence is hot between Admiral Harland and the French Governor. The Court of France are informed of the whole, in the most striking colours; and if the French have really any designs on the East-Indies, this will serve them as a plausible pretext.

There is nothing more certain, than that for every 20s. imported by the East-India Company into this country, either as a society, or by their servants, a human creature is destroyed by oppression and famine, in our acquisitions in Bengal. A tale horrid to relate!

A correspondent desires us to inform the public, in favour of a certain company, that none of their servants are the *actual* executioners of the millions destroyed in India, but by permitting, by commanding, they are accessary to the crime.

The directors of the East-India Company, to alleviate the distresses of their subjects, ordered, two years ago, an European servant to superintend the collections in the different Perguannahs. The cure was worse than the disease. These servants not only added to the oppressions by punishments, but even ruined the country, by monopolizing even the necessaries of life. It was from this circumstance that the late famine, in a great measure, proceeded.

March 31. *Yesterday a motion was made in the House of Commons, by Mr. Sullivan, for leave to bring in a bill to regulate the officers and servants of the East-India Company, and for regulating the courts of justice at Bengal. Sir George Colebrooke spoke for the bill, said there ought to be some regulation made, that the committees there might mind the directors, which they did not. Governor Johnston answered Lord Clive, relating to his going to Bengal. Mr. Thomas Townshend spoke against bringing in the bill in this manner, and government taking no notice of it, as it was mentioned in the King's speech, till a motion is made on the 30th of March, and the latter end of the Sessions, when this bill is now brought on without any papers being laid before the House. He was answered by Lord North, who told them, that he had not seen the bill, he had only seen a sketch of it, and that he was sure the noble Lord (meaning Lord Clive) had given the House a very full and particular account of the affair, and he should certainly be for bringing in the bill. Lord North was answered by Col. Barre, who in a severe manner condemned the administration for supporting the bill when brought in thus, but that himself would always support them, and give his assistance to them when they acted with honour. Major Van Neck spoke next; he said, that there were men enough to govern Bengal were they properly managed by the directors. Mr. Burke opposed the bill being brought in, without any papers being laid before the House, as by it we were to have a court of justice set up there, without knowing who was to be judge. Sir William Meredith spoke for the bill, and the necessity of passing it, as there were fifteen millions of people in that country, who were oppressed for want of some regulation there. Mr. Dempster shewed the state of the East-India Company, and said some regulations ought to be made for the inhabitants there. The question being then called for the motion, was carried without a division, and the bill is expected to be brought in this week, but no day is yet fixed. Three Nabobs, and several of the directors, were in the gallery the whole time of the debates.*

JAMAICA and SPANISH DRYED HIDES,
Just Imported, and to be SOLD, by
DAVID BEVERIDGE,
At his store on the Bird-in-Hand wharff.

By the ship HERCULES, *Captain* NORWOOD, *arrived at* Baltimore *from* Dublin, *we have the following Intelligence, viz.*

COPENHAGEN, March 14.

LAST Monday the King admitted the Academy of Painting, Sculpture and Architecture, to an audience, who returned thanks to his Majesty for the favour conferred upon them, by his appointing the Hereditary Prince Frederick to be their President.

Dresden, March 16. According to letters from Poland, the general Confederacy have published an Universal, by which it is ordained, that every tenth peasant shall be constrained to enlist in their troops.

LONDON.

March 31. There is advice from Copenhagen, that the Dey of Algiers, in consideration of a magnificent present, has concluded a treaty with that Court, and has given orders for all the Danish subjects at present imprisoned in his territories to be immediately released. The vessels lately confiscated are also to be delivered up.

It is whimsical that the Royal Marriage Bill is to receive the Royal Assent on *all Fools Day*.

Yesterday morning an extraordinary courier arrived at St. James's from the Court of France.

Yesterday the Russian Ambassador received an express from the Court of Petersburgh, brought by the way of Holland.

In the Cabinet Council, held on Monday last at St. James's, the sending a new Ambassador to Stockholm was a long time debated, and at length resolved on.

Letters from Riga mention, that 14 large transports were loading there with timber, iron, cables and cannon, for Carthagena.

Advice is received from Gibraltar, that the garrison there is in great want of all sorts of provisions; that the Governor sent to the Emperor of Morocco, requesting that he would trade with the English for live cattle and other provisions, which was absolutely refused, on account that the usual presents have not been sent him; upon which the men of war assisted them with some of their provisions, which, it is hoped, will last till some ships arrive from America, who are hourly expected.

The report that a Chapter would be held some day this week to invest Lord North with the order of the Garter, cannot be true, as the ensigns, which his late Serene Highness the Duke of Saxe-Gotha wore, are not yet arrived from that Court.

Earl Temple, it is said, has within these few days been offered a high post under the government, which his Lordship declined.

A few days since 60 bags of cochineal, the produce of West-Florida, were imported at Bristol from Pensacola.

They write from Stockholm, that the sea is so entirely choaked up with ice on the side of Finland, that it is expected the navigation will not be opened till very late this year.

It is asserted that the Treasury is in a more exhausted State at this Time than for Half a Century past, in Time of Peace.

An Account is just received of some Encroachments having been made by the French on the Coast of Gambia.

Extract of a Letter from Holland.

"I am greatly grieved for the poor Queen of Denmark. Poor Lady! She has hard Measure from that diabolical Queen Dowager, who has got all the Power into her Hands; has in Effect dethroned the King, and is making hasty Strides to place her own Son on the Throne. I do not suppose the present King of Denmark, or his Son, will be long lived. They may die suddenly, of a violent Fever, an Apoplexy, Palsy, or any Thing but Poison; and depend upon it, if the poor innocent, imprisoned Queen, is permitted to live, it will be owing, under God, more to the Dread of English Vengeance, than to any other Cause. Pray God send her speedily safe to your Side of the Water, for she can hardly be said to be safe while in Denmark. I hope soon to hear of a Fleet sailing from Spithead to the Sound. Should this be the Case, and they carry any Land Troops, they would be joined by the Majority of the Danish Troops and Nation, who are highly disgusted with the late alarming Change, notwithstanding all that the Court now in Power there, or Prostitute Hireling Clergymen, may say and declare to the contrary."

A Correspondent observes, that Lord North after having played with a *George*, for some Time as *a Toy*, is resolved, in future, to wear one as a Favour.

Dublin, April 8. *To shew the estimation in which the Gentlemen who compose the New Board of Excise are held (who have not hesitated to go through every dirty job for the Court) it is asserted by a Correspondent, that having appointed one Mulholland (a servant of another Tool of Administration) to the insignificant Post of a supernumerary Guager, a place not worth above 24l. per annum, and after the poor man had been actually sworn into office, before the Board, his Excellency modestly struck out his name, and put in that of Hill, his own steward. A proper return for such mean and cringing servility.*

Extract of a private Letter from a Gentleman, in the county of Antrim, dated March 29.

"*I have this instant (Sunday morning, 12 o'clock) heard of an engagement, of which the following are the particulars.*

"*A Gentleman near Ballymenagh, received a threatening letter last week from the Hearts of Steel, peremptorily commanding him to leave a sum of money in a certain place; he took no notice of the first, they then sent a second, which had no effect, then the third, in a most gigantic terrifying stile.---But all to no purpose; they then sent him a fourth, telling him, in so many hours, if the money was not left as desired, they would burn hell, and fire the devil, &c. This last he answered properly, and with spirit, and as he did expect they would visit him, he had a Serjeant and twelve men, privately conveyed into the house; in a short time after, the Steel Boys came and fired into the house; mean time the Serjeant and men stole out backwards unperceived, and came unexpected round on them with fixed bayonets, fired on them, killed one, wounded several others, and took two prisoners, who have since turned King's evidences and impeached numbers; they were all in confusion, and fled precipitately, on seeing the soldiers. I suppose that place is now quieted.*

"*Eleven o'Clock Monday Night, this Instant a Report prevails, and is credited by the better Sort of People, that Savage is taken; he cut one of the Light Dragoon's Hands almost off, and another down the Back in a most terrible Manner, upon their entering the House where he lodged; he is now said and believed to be in Omagh Goal.*"

A Correspondent has favoured us with the following Particulars of a barbarous Murder committed on Monday Night the 30th Ult. near Dundalk:----A Farmer who resides in the Neighbourhood of Dundalk, being at the Market of that Town, met with an old Acquaintance, a Serjeant in the Army, with whom he spent the Day, and was prevailed on by the Serjeant to stay and sleep with him that Night; but being much terrified about Midnight with a frightful Dream, he arose, and accompanied by the Serjeant, who was armed with a Case of Pistols, proceeded Home; when the first Objects that presented themselves were his Wife and two Daughters lying weltering in their Blood, with their Throats cut, and otherwise cruelly used, and three Villains plundering the House. On the Murderers finding themselves discovered, they attempted to escape, but two of them were immediately shot dead by the Serjeant, and the other taken, who is since lodged in Dundalk Goal. On Examination, they proved to be the Man of the House where they lay, and his two Sons.

Yesterday the Danish Ambassador had a private audience of His Majesty at Buckingham-house, after which he sent off an express to Copenhagen.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) *April* 18.

The Modeste man of war, which arrived at Port Royal on Friday last, from a cruize, was, we hear, near being lost; for going down on the Main, to the leeward of Carthagena, she unfortunately touched upon a reef, where she beat her false keel off, and was obliged to throw several of her guns and stores overboard, but luckily, after continuing there near forty hours, she got off. And what is more agreeable to relate, they, by aid of a new refracting instrument, invented by their ingenious and worthy Commander, got their guns, stores, and even their false keel aboard. So that we hope to see it recorded in the future annals of naval history, that Captain Wheelock, of his Majesty's ship of war, the Modeste, was the first Commander that entered a port, with his keel on his deck.

NEW-YORK, *May* 25.

Extract of a Letter from Newry, in Ireland, dated March 31.

"The North of Ireland is in the greatest confusion it ever was

since King James's Time (occasioned it is said by the Landlords raising their rents so high, that the poor cannot live, by some late laws for incloſing the common lands, and other impoſitions) There are, it is ſuppoſed, in each of the Northern Counties, above 15,000 men, who call themſelves Hearts of Steel, aſſemble in the evening at the ſound of horns, march in the night through the country, take all the arms and ammunition they can find, go among the great Gentlemen and Landholders, oblige them to ſwear never to ſet their lands at above twelve ſhillings an acre, deſtroy all the leaſes taken at a higher rent, and oblige the Landlords to give new ones at that rate. All who join them, they ſwear to be true to the King, and Hearts of Steel, with ſome other articles, which are kept ſecret; each party has a Poſt-office for their letters. The whole army of the Kingdom, both horſe and foot, are ſent againſt them, but cannot ſubdue them, though many of their out-ſcouts, and all perſons that are ſuſpected, or even heard to talk of the Hearts of Steel, have been taken, and ſent to priſon, ſo that the goals are as full as they can hold, and the country is lying perfectly waſte, for not one labourer is to be had, except old men and women: God knows how the matter will end."

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 14.

The Nancy, Barron, and Succeſs's Increaſe, Leitch, from London, the Tom, Clark, from Liverpool, Molly, Stirret, and Blandford, Troop, from Glaſgow, are arrived in James River. By Captain Troop we have Papers to the 2d of April, which contain very little News. The Royal Marriage Bill has paſſed both Houſes of Parliament; Peace is concluded between the Ruſſians and the Turks, which it is thought will only pave the Way for freſh Diſturbances in Europe; there has nothing tranſpired from Denmark, only their Ambaſſador at our Court is recalled, which is looked upon as no good Omen.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 28.

Laſt Thurſday Evening the Honourable RICHARD PENN, Eſq; Governor of this Province, was married to Miſs POLLY MASTERS.

The ſame Evening Mr. SAMUEL MEREDITH, Merchant, of this City, was married to Miſs PEGGY CADWALADER.

Laſt Sunday Evening died in this City, WILLIAM HICKS, Eſq; a Member of the Governor's Council, and Prothonotary of Bucks County; and on Tueſday Evening, his Remains were interred in Chriſt Church Burying Ground, attended by a Number of reſpectable Inhabitants.

On Sunday, the Third Inſtant, died in Hunterdon County, New-Jerſey, LEWIS CHAMBERLIN, *Eſq; a Man of an excellent Character, and of great Uſe in the Townſhip where he lived, who much lament his Death, as well as his bereaved Family.*

Yeſterday departed this Life Mrs. MARY VOKES, Relict of Captain BARTHOLOMEW VOKES, late of this City, in the 89th Year of her Age: To this very advanced Period ſhe attained, with an unuſual Degree of Health, unaſſiſted either by Phyſic or Exerciſe---being to the one averſe, and uſing the other ſo ſparingly, as to go but once abroad in *forty* Years. She poſſeſſed a kind, humane Diſpoſition, and bore the gradual Decay of Nature with uncommon Patience.

The Scotch Preſbyterian Church in Spruce-ſtreet, we hear, is to be opened for public Worſhip this Evening, at Seven o'Clock, when a Charity Sermon will be preached, in order to expedite the finiſhing ſaid Church.

By Captain Scott, in ſix Weeks from Liſbon, we are informed, that about ten Days before he ſailed, a ſevere Shock of an Earthquake was felt in that City, which greatly alarmed the Inhabitants; and about a Week afterwards they had another Shock, but not ſo violent as the former.

Captain Wallis, from Liſbon, on the 6th Inſtant, in Lat. 47: 32, Long. 62: 34, ſpoke with Captain Price, in a Schooner, from New-London for Antigua, 15 Days out; the next Day ſpoke a Brig from St. Croix for Milford, out 8 Days; and on the 19th, in Lat. 38: 12, Long. 73: 27, he ſpoke the Sloop Catherine, Captain Burr, from Montſerrat for New London.

Friday laſt the Snow Molly, Captain Woodhouſe, arrived here from Liverpool; Captain Carr, the late Maſter, died on the Paſſage, the 28th of laſt Month, after a tedious Illneſs.

By Captain Inkſon, from Grenada, we learn, that a few Days before he ſailed, Governor Laybourne iſſued a Proclamation, ſetting forth, that if the French Inhabitants did not take the Oath of Allegiance to his Majeſty, within 25 Days from the Date thereof, they muſt depart that Iſland, unleſs they gave ſufficient Reaſons for the contrary.

Captain Thomas, arrived at New-York from Briſtol, on Thurſday laſt, ſpoke the Britannia, Captain Falconer, from this Port for London, all well.---The Ship Boyne, Captain Cunningham, for this Place, left Newry with Captain Ruſſell, alſo arrived at New-York.---And Captain Stammers, likewiſe arrived there from St. Croix, on the 12th Inſtant, in Lat. 25, Long. 64, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Miller, belonging here, 18 Days from Jamaica for London, all well on board.

Laſt Thurſday as a young Lad, Son of Mr. Johnſon, Coachmaker, in this City, was riding along Market-ſtreet, by ſome unhappy Accident he fell from the Horſe, and received ſo much Hurt, that he died a few Minutes afterwards.

On Saturday the 16th Inſtant, as Henry Philips, and Richard Kelly, two labouring Men, were at Work on the Plantation of Mr. David Davis, of Tredyffrin Townſhip, in Cheſter County, a Quarrel aroſe between them, in which Kelly ſtruck Philips, who thereupon went and acquainted Mr. Davis, that Kelly had ſtruck him, and that he was reſolved to go to a Magiſtrate, and get a Warrant for him; Mr. Davis adviſed him to ſtay and conſider of it till Morning, thinking the Affair might be made up between them; but Philips took a Gun, charged it, went to the Woods where Kelly was, and ſhot him dead on the Spot. He then went and told Mr. Davis what he had done; who (as he bore the Character of a harmleſs Fellow) did not at firſt believe what he ſaid, but on finding it true, he was ſecured, and committed to Cheſter Goal.

Arrived from this Port. Captains Hanſe, Stimſon, Davidſon, and Taylor, at Jamaica; and Captain Harr, at Liſbon.

By His EXCELLENCY WILLIAM FRANKLIN, *Eſq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the Province of* New-Jerſey, *and Territories thereon depending in* America, *Chancellor and Vice-Admiral in the ſame, &c.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS I have received Information, that on the Night of the Twenty-ſecond Day of this inſtant *May*, a barbarous and horrid Murder was committed on the Body of one *Elizabeth Knight*, in the Townſhip of *Eweſham*, by ſome Perſon or Perſons as yet unknown; the ſaid *Elizabeth Knight* having been found dead in her Houſe, early in the Morning of the Twenty-third Inſtant, with her Scull broken in two Places, and her Right Arm broken below the Elbow. I HAVE THEREFORE thought fit, by and with the Advice and Conſent of His Majeſty's Council, to iſſue this Proclamation, hereby ſtrictly charging and commanding all Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs and other Officers, within this Province, to be particularly vigilant in endeavouring to deteſt the Perpetrator or Perpetrators of this atrocious Murder, ſo that he or they may be brought to condign Puniſhment. And in order to encourage a Zeal and Activity in this Purſuit, I do hereby promiſe a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid out of the Public Treaſury of this Province, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall apprehend and ſecure the ſaid Murderer or Murderers, ſo that he or they be convicted thereof. And I do farther promiſe His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon to any Accomplice in the ſaid Crime, who ſhall diſcover and proſecute to Conviction the principal Perpetrator of the ſame.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Burlington, *the Twenty-fifth Day of* May, *in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King* George *the Third, Anno Domini One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-two.*

WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

By His Excellency's Command,
CHARLES PETTIT, *D. Secretary.*

GOD ſave the KING.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Pleaſe to inſert the following in your next Week's Paper, and oblige your ready Friend, and humble Servant,

HERCULES HABAKKUCE.

Cæcil County, Maryland, May 11, 1772.

I HAVE often been aſtoniſhed at reading the Boſton News, having generally in it very extraordinary Occurrences, of Accidents and Providence, &c. among which Acts of Providence, they tell us of one very extraordinary and remarkable Event which ſhould have happened on the 23d of April laſt, to wit, That the Wife of Mr. Stetſon, of Braintree, was delivered of her fourth Pair of Twins, and two ſingle Births, within eight Years.------I ſuppoſe this was communicated to the Public, in order to aggrandize Mr. Stetſon's Ability and Character, and more eſpecially as a Gentleman of that Place. And if it becomes practicable, that ſuch Feats be communicated to the Public, I think with no leſs Propriety may I inform the Public, that the Wife of Richard Dobſon, near the Head of Elk, was delivered of five Children in fifteen Months, three ſtill-born Children, and at another Birth Twins. And of a Gentlewoman, near Whiteclay-creek, New-Caſtle County, who was delivered of four live born Children at one Birth, and in twenty Months after of Twins. Theſe two Matters are real Facts; and unleſs the Gentlemen of Boſton and the Northward, can out-ſtrip us here of the Southward, I beg they may not cram the News-papers with ſuch inconſiderable Matter.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 4s. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Beef 3l. Pork 4l. 15s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melaſſes 26d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 25s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 18d. Bar Iron 27l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Molly, T. Woodhouſe, from Liverpool. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, South-Carolina. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Schooner Maſſachuſetts, J. Smith, Boſton. Schooner Molly and Fanny, J. Buck, and Sloop Bentham, R. Alberſon, South-Carolina. Sloop Sally, E. Chappell, New-London. Sloop Charming Sally, T. Dewick, Virginia. Brig Rachel, E. Doane, and Ship Pennſylvania Farmer, R. Johnſton, Madeira. Ship Morris, A. Hamilton, Liſbon. Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica, Brig Charming Nancy, J. Cox, Cadiz. Ship Polly and Peggy, C. Wallace, and Snow Minerva, J. Scott, Liſbon. Brig Betſy, R. Inkſon, from St. Euſtatia.

OUTWARDS. *Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, for New-York. Sloop Induſtry, Z. Hinſon, Bermuda. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Snow Sally, J. Gilbert, and Ship Charming Sally, J. Cooper, Jamaica. Ship London Packet, J. Cook, for Liſbon.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Molly, J. Wightman, to Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Sally, W. Montgomery, Virginia. Brig Mary, D. Edwards, Newfoundland. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boſton. Brig Carpenter, S. William, Antigua. Schooner King Tammany, R. Shewell, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Hope, N. Hyman, and Sloop Sidney, J. Sanderlin, North-Carolina. Ship Concord, J. Volant, and Schooner Kingſton, R. Patterſon, Jamaica. Ship Newry Packet, D. Campbell, and Ship Geo[illegible] & Martin, Liſbon. Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, Dominica. Schooner St. Auguſtine Packet, R. Harris, Georgia. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbadoes. Sloop Sally, J. Prince, Tortola. Sloop Sally, E. Chappell, New-London. Ship Tryon, J. Hamilton, to Vigo.*

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to meet at Mr. MULLEN's Tavern, on Monday next, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening.

WILLIAM SEMPLE, Secretary.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, warranted good; JAMAICA SUGAR, in Hogſheads; a large Parcel of good FLAX; and a few Dozen of FRONTINIAC, To be SOLD, by

JOSIAH HEWES, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet. 6w.

LATELY IMPORED, and now opening for ſale, at
DANIEL DRINKER's Warehouſe,

In WALNUT-STREET, between SECOND & THIRD-STREETS,

A Large aſſortment of china, glaſs and delph WARES, cream-coloured ditto, enamelled white and enamelled ſtone, black, agate, pencilled and beſt Nottingham wares. Alſo a neat aſſortment of japanned waiters, baſkets and canniſters, beſt cut glaſs and common caſtors, chimney tiles, Dutch ſtone pickling jarrs, bottles, &c.

A BRIDGE, conſiſting of Stone Piers, Frame Platform, &c. being propoſed ſto be built this Summer, over Wiſſahickon Creek, near Morris's Mill, in Whitemarſh Townſhip. Any Perſon, or Perſons, qualified to furniſh Stone, Lime, Timber, &c. and to build the ſaid BRIDGE, *are deſired to meet the County Commiſſioners, at* CALEB CARMALT's *Office, in Church Alley, on the Sixth Day of* JUNE *next, at Ten o' Clock in the Morning, in order that the Propoſals then offered, reſpecting the Undertaking the Building of the ſaid Bridge, may be conſidered and determined on.* Philadelphia, May 25, 1772.

WANTED,

A PERSON to attend a SHOP, in the GROCERY BUSINESS, whoſe Character is indiſputable; one who ſpeaks the Dutch Language will be moſt acceptable. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

THE Subſcribers, Auditors, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Philadelphia, to audit and ſettle the Accounts of the Creditors of JOHN KOPLIN, *late of Limerick Townſhip, in the ſaid County, do hereby give public Notice, to all the Creditors of ſaid Koplin, to give their Attendance at the Houſe of Archibald Thomſon, in Norrington Townſhip, on the Eleventh Day of* JUNE *next, in the Forenoon, with their Accounts, properly atteſted, in order that Diſtribution of the ſaid Koplin's Eſtate may be made, according to Law.* CHARLES JOLLY, HENRY PAWLING, ISRAEL JACOBS. ‖ May 17, 1772.

RUN-AWAY,

PETER WEISDORF, a German ſervant man, about 36 years of age, pretty well built, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high; had on his own brown ſtraight hair, and leather breeches, ſpeaks but little Engliſh; he was delivered at the ſide of Delaware river, about a mile above the mouth of Antecus, in April laſt, on the Jerſey ſhore, with a letter incloſing his indentures, aſſigned to Charles Read, Eſq; to go to Mr. Fenemore's, at the mouth of Antecus, to be ſent forward to Mr. Read, at Ætna Furnace, and went off with the letter and indentures incloſed. Any perſon who will bring him to Mr. Read, at Ætna Furnace, in Burlington county, or to Coxe and Furman, or Adam Alter, in Philadelphia, ſhall have charges paid, and TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by
May 26, 1772. ‖ *COXE and FURMAN.*

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ABRAHAM BICKLEY, STEPHEN SHEWELL, *and* JOHN JERMAN, *for themſelves, and others, heirs of* Abraham Bickley, *deceaſed, have cautioned the public againſt purchaſing a tract of land, advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette for ſale, by the ſubſcriber.*

And whereas the invalidity of the claim of the perſon, under whom, as I am informed, they ſet up their pretenſions, was made manifeſt, upon a ſuit brought by her in Kent county, in the year 1696, as appears upon record ----And no perſons, under whom they claim, ever had poſſeſſion, nor ever thought it worth their while to revive their pretenſions, from that time till now, it is ſurprizing, theſe Gentlemen ſhould be at the coſt of an adverriſement.

As appeals to the public will not determine the point, the ſubſcriber will not only ſatisfy the purchaſer of the indiſputableneſs of his title, but alſo warrant and defend the land, againſt the heirs of Abraham Bickley, *and all perſons claiming by, from or under him.* ‖ HUGH NEILL.

FIFTY POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape from Dover goal, in the county of Kent, upon Delaware, on the 21ſt of May inſtant, JOHN WINTERTON, who was committed on a charge of murder; he is a tall raw boned perſon, of a pale complexion, thin viſage, wears his own hair, of a dark colour, generally tied behind, and has a large ſcar upon his noſe: Had on, when he made his eſcape, a blue great coat, a blue cloſe bodied coat and waiſtcoat, his other apparel unknown. Whoever apprehends the ſaid John Winterton, within the county aforeſaid, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the ſum of Twenty-five Pounds; and if taken out of the ſaid county, and ſecured, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, the above reward of Fifty Pounds, paid by

Dover, May 21, 1772. ¶ JAMES CALDWELL, Sheriff.

JACOB BROOM,

SURVEYOR and CONVEYANCER, at his Office the Corner of Market-ſtreet and Third-ſtreet, in the Borough of Wilmington, and oppoſite David Buſh, Eſquire,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, that he was regularly inſtructed in the Practice of Surveying and Conveyancing, and is now determined to follow it with the cloſeſt Application, and hopes to give general Satisfaction, to thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ him; they may depend upon having their Buſineſs done authentically, and with the greateſt Care, Secrecy and Diſpatch. *Any Perſon, wanting to place out Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage, or otherwiſe. Said* BROOM, *upon Application, will peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſor or Owner of the Deeds, relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, alſo what will be needful to remedy or ſupply ſuch Defect.* †

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
CHARLESTOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT,
MASTER;

Will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and part of her cargoe now ready to go on board. For freighe or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA CRESSON, URIAH WOOLMAN, or the Maſter on board, at Millnor and Hough's wharff. *Fifth Month* 26*th.* 1772. ⊖

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 24th of May, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Springfield, Burlington county, an apprentice lad, named JOHN WARREN, between 17 and 18 years old, ſmall of his age, ſwarthy complexion, grey eyes, drak hair; had on, when he went away, a homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, a ſtriped Bengal jacket, double breaſted, an oldiſh felt hat, a pair of pumps, that have been mended; he likewiſe took with him a fine white ſhirt, a pair of linen trowſers, ſtriped with blue. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by DAVID RIDGWAY.

N. B. The ſaid *Warren* was born near Princetown, and bound to one *John Saunders*, who formerly traded in tin, but lived, at the time he parted with the ſaid *Warren*, at Philadelphia, or Wilmington, which gives his maſter reaſon to think he has gone that way. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forewarned harbouring or carrying him off, at their peril. †

Germantown, May 25, 1772.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Germantown aforeſaid, on the 24th inſtant, viz. from John Jones, a Dutch or Switzer ſervant man, named HENRY SCHOUP, about 20 years of age, near 6 feet high, wears his own black hair, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, a Tanner by trade, of a fair complexion, large mouth; had on, when he went away, a ſecond hand beaver hat, a mixed nap grey coat, almoſt new, a cotton-velvet jacket, new ſheep-ſkin breeches, white home-made ſtockings, a pair of dog ſkin ſhoes, and had with him one ditto calf-ſkin, with plated ſilver buckles, two white ſhirts, one whereof new, and a blue ſtriped cotton jacket.

Alſo run away, at the ſame time, from Daniel Luken, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN FAIR, of a ſandy complexion, wears his hair, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, about 19 or 20 years of age, well ſet, has a down look, ſpeaks good Engliſh; had on, when he went away, a blue cloth coat, with yellow carved metal buttons, a flowered cotton-velvet jacket, without ſleeves, a fine white homeſpun ſhirt, almoſt new, buckſkin breeches, mixed worſted ſtockings, alſo a pair of white thread ditto, new black-grained calf-ſkin pumps, with large carved plated ſilver buckles, a ſilk handkerchief, and good felt hat. It is ſuppoſed they are both gone together. Whoever apprehends them, or either of them, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſters may have them, or either of them again, ſhall have 16 Dollars for the firſt mentioned, and 8 Dollars for the laſt, paid by us, JOHN JONES, ſenior, DANIEL LUKEN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry ſaid ſervants off or either of them, at their peril. 5/56. tbetf.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, about the 10th of April laſt, a large bright BAY HORSE, between 15 and 16 hands high, black mane and tail, trimmed before, the hair worn off his withers by drawing, trots and paces, but very clumſy; had no ſhoes on, was 4 years old this ſpring, has no brand, nor other mark known. Whoever will bring ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, in Lombard-ſtreet, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN GUY. †

BROKE into the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Blockley townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 20th of this inſtant, a dun coloured MARE, about 14 hands high, appears to be 6 or 7 years old this ſpring, having a ſtar in her forehead, her hind feet white, a natural pacer, and is ſhod before. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. EDWARD GEORGE.

May 25, 1772. †

RUN away, from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 12th of April laſt, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named JOHN BAKER, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, full faced, has ſhort curly hair, and has loſt the two fore fingers of the left hand: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, two hunting ſhirts, one of deer leather, the other of tow linen, two jackets, without ſleeves, one blue cloth, the other white halfthick, a tow linen ſhirt, leather breeches, blanket leggings, grey woollen ſtockings, and middling good half-ſoaled ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, and gives information thereof to Mr. JOHN GRATTAN, Merchant, in Auguſta county, near Breck's Gap, Virginia, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, Pennſylvania currency, reward.

April 12, 1772. ¶ JOHN THOMAS.

Thornbury townſhip, Cheſter County, Fifth Month 6, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away laſt evening, from the ſubſcriber, a Welſh ſervant man, named JOHN WILLIAMS, *about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, 39 years of age, has long black hair, ſometimes tied with a ſtring; he had on, and took with him, an old felt hat, tow ſhirt, a white flannel jacket, blue cloth ditto, without ſleeves, tow trowſers, white yarn ſtockings, a pair of dark worſted ditto, one ſtriped ſilk and cotton handkerchief, one brown ſilk ditto, ſtrong ſhoes, nailed, and an old ſheepſkin apron: He is backward in converſation; and can turn his hand to many branches of buſineſs, both on land and by water. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from* JOHN BRINTON.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

TO BE SOLD BY

TOBIAS REHM, Stone-cutter in *Lancaſter*, A Variety of Marble TOMB and HEAD-STONES, for the loweſt prices. †

Qui dat videre, dat vivere. Etc.

THE infinitely wise Author of nature has aſſigned the Eyes and Ears the moſt uſeful and important offices of life: The ſtructure of thoſe delicately tender organs, is ſo exquiſitely minute, the mechaniſm and properties of their various parts ſo admirably curious, that they may be ſtiled, with propriety, the miracles of nature. The great variety of dangers and diſeaſes, manifeſt and occult, to which thoſe precious ſenſes are expoſed; the little attention that hitherto has been paid to the improvement of this noble ſcience; and ſo few properly qualified, have engaged in its practice, that to ſtudy them in any degree ſuitable to their importance, is full buſineſs for life.

The ineſtimable bleſſing and great advantages which attend a perfect enjoyment of the ſight and hearing, are obvious to all; but the deplorable and truly pitiable condition of the blind and deaf, is attended with ſuch ſolitary diſcomfort, ſuch gloomy ideas, and conſtant uneaſineſs of mind, as no one can be truly ſenſible of, who has not in ſome meaſure experienced it himſelf.---How noble therefore, how deſerving of the niceſt cultivation, muſt that art be, that can reſtore ſight to the blind, hearing to the deaf, ſpeech to the dumb, and keep in order the ſprings of thoſe maſterpieces of creative wiſdom! That art muſt needs be divine, becauſe, thus aſſiſted, our minds are inſpired with the grandeſt apprehenſions of Almighty God!

To the INHABITANTS *of* BRITISH AMERICA.

DR. GRAHAM, OCULIST and AURIST,

MOST reſpectfully offers his beſt ſervices; and acquaints them that he may be conſulted at his houſe in Arch-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in this city, in all diſorders of the eye and its appendages; and in every ſpecies of deafneſs, hardneſs of hearing, ulcerations, noiſe in the ears, &c. Thoſe perſons who have had the unſpeakable misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any impediment in their ſpeech, by applying perſonally, as above, will, probably, be aſſiſted.

The anatomy and diſeaſes of the human body, in general, have always been his favourite ſtudy; but the ſtructure and diſorders of thoſe ſympathetic and nearly connected organs, juſt mentioned, have, for ſeveral years, particularly engaged his attention and practice: From thence he hath deduced on rational principles, methods of cure, improved and confirmed by the moſt accurate obſervations, in the courſe of a moſt extenſive and peculiarly ſucceſsful practice.

The candid and intelligent inhabitants of theſe parts of the Britiſh colonies can readily diſtinguiſh true merit from pretended knowledge. All, therefore, that Dr. Graham chooſes to ſay concerning his medical abilities is, that after ſeveral years ſtudy at the juſtly celebrated Univerſity of Edinburgh, he has travelled in purſuit of knowledge, in his favourite branches, attending the infirmaries and hoſpitals, as well as the lectures of the moſt eminent Profeſſors in Europe. Theſe conſiderations, added to his having had far more experience as an Oculiſt and Auriſt, than any other of the profeſſion on this vaſt continent, encourage him to hope for ſome ſhare of the confidence of the public, for whoſe ſervice and benefit, he thus publicly declares his utmoſt abilities ſhall be exerted.

Notwithſtanding it has ever been a cuſtom with the profeſſed Oculiſts and Auriſts of Europe, to conceal their method of practice, and to refuſe to communicate to any one the knowledge they poſſeſſed; yet, as his concerns in England will not permit him to remain long in America, and in order that his method may be rendered of as diffuſive utility as poſſible, he propoſes to inſtruct and appoint, after a ſeries of actual practice, *one* perſon in every province through which he may paſs, to ſucceed him in treating, after the moſt improved method, the diſeaſes of the eyes and ears; and to communicate to them, from time to time, ſuch diſcoveries and improvements, as may reſult from future practice. A premium will be expected, and none need apply but thoſe who have been regularly bred to the profeſſion of phyſic or ſurgery.

Since the firſt of November laſt, upwards of an hundred and fifty patients have been cured or relieved of the following diſorders, many of whom had been of very long ſtanding, and deemed altogether incurable by other practitioners, viz. Total and partial blindneſs; weakneſs and diminution of ſight; pain, ſwelling, and inflammation of the eyes; weak, watery, red, ſpongy, and ulcerated eye-lids, involuntary weeping of the tears; tumours and excreſſences; *fiſtul. lachrym.* &c.---Total and periodical deafneſs; thickneſs of hearing; pain and inflammations, cracking, itching, continual and remitting noiſes and ſounds in the ears; offenſive runnings, occaſioned by colds, ſwelling, ſwimming, picking and improper applications, long and ſevere ſickneſs; ulcerations, with caries of the bones; *polypi*, &c.---and ſeveral perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made conſiderable advances in ſpeaking and hearing.

*** The poor, who apply properly recommended, will be aſſiſted *gratis*, with advice, medicines, and manual operations, as their reſpective caſes may require; and for that purpoſe, he will appropriate every morning, Sundays excepted, between the hours of ſix and eight.

May 24, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN in the night between the 22d and 23d inſtant, out of the yard of Mr. Hoffman, at the ſign of the Blue Ball, in Camoington, a red HORSE, *between* 13 *and* 14 *hands high, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and ſome white hair at his noſe, a ſhort tail, with ſome white and black hair, a black mane, hanging down on his off ſide. He paces, and ſometimes trots a little, and is very apt to bite. Whoever takes up the Horſe and Thief, and ſecures them, and gives notice thereof to Mr. Hoffman, at the ſign of the Blue Ball aforeſaid, ſo that the owner may have his horſe again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of* THREE POUNDS, *or* FORTY SHILLINGS *for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by me* JACOB SPECHT. ‡

TWO POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, an indented apprentice lad, by trade a weaver, named DUNCAN M'FERRICH, a thick ſet lad, fair faced, with fair hair, which curls when it is combed, ſpeaks coarſe, with a kind of ſtoppage or ſtammer in his talk, and one of his eyes is bigger than the other: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, one brown thick cloth jacket, one white linen corded ditto, one blue broadcloth ditto, with the backs of a lighter blue than the fore parts, one fine linen ſhirt, one common ſhirting ditto, and one tow cloth ditto, one pair ſtriped trowſers, and two tow linen ditto, two pair of ſtockings, one woollen, the other thread, one pair of ſhoes, with three books, and ſeveral other things, not yet known. Whoever taker up ſaid runaway, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM PARKHILL. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS *Reward.*

RUN away from his bail, in Tuſkarora, Cumberland county, in Pennſylvania, one THOMAS MOORE, *an Engliſhman, a Taylor by trade, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 30 years of age, of a ſwarthy complexion, ſpare faced, with a blemiſh on one of his eyes, a very large beard, and a remarkable long noſe, much pock-marked; had on a new pair of buckſkin breeches, too large for him, an old ſhort coat, of a lightiſh brown colour, an old patched jacket, old ſhoes, with buckles, and an old wool hat, but may change his clothes; took with him an iron grey mare, 3 years old, and a whitiſh ſhagged dog, lately clipped about the head and neck, ſays he worked in Baltimore, and in Philadelphia, and in moſt parts of this province. Whoever apprehends ſaid* MOORE, *and ſecures him in any goal, and gives me notice, ſhall have the above reward, paid by*

May 11, 1772. ‖ *THOMAS BEALE.*

Baltimore, May 14, 1772.

ALEXANDER LEWIS, *of Cheſter county, having publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, a pretended title and claim to part of a tract of land called New-Munſter, brings his title from a grant in the year* 1683, *for* 6000 *acres from the Proprietor of Maryland, to Edward Odwire, and from Odwire to Toas, who became inſolvent: That Robert Roberts obtained an act of Aſſembly of Maryland, to ſell and convey ſaid Toas's land,---ſo far is very right---and the title to ſaid lands, ſo ſold and conveyed, is deemed good and valid;---nor do I contend for any land that is contained within the metes and bounds of that tract or parcel of land, which ſaid Roberts was impowered to ſell and convey. The land for which I contend is another clear and diſtinct tract, and lies totally out of the metes and bounds of the abovementioned tract or parcel of land, and is patented to me in the land-office of Maryland, by the name of Alexander's Lot. I return to Robert Roberts, from whom (ſays Mr. Lewis) Abraham Emmit obtained a deed for* 200 *acres, and ſold* 100 *to Dr. Kennedy, and Kennedy to him. I now tell Mr. Lewis, and all whom it may concern, that ſaid Roberts ſold and conveyed all the lands he was impowered to ſell, in and about the years* 1712 *to* 1718, *which doth appear by his deeds, duly executed, and on record, in Cæcil county, and the name of Emmit is not to be found in any of ſaid deeds or conveyances: But there is on the records of ſaid county, a deed from Robert Roberts to Abraham Emmit, bearing date the eighth of November, in the year* 1762, *at leaſt* 44 *years after thoſe lands had been all ſold and conveyed; and I am well informed, that about* 20 *years after the deceaſe of Robert Roberts, (who was impowered to ſell and convey ſaid lands.) In the year* 1767, *Suſanna Alexander, widow of John Alexander, who had poſſeſſed the lands, now called Alexander's Lot, in peace, for upwards of* 50 *years, became tenant to me during her natural life, and rented out part thereof to one John Jordan. That upon the deceaſe of ſaid Suſanna Alexander, Doctor Samuel Kennedy did, by large promiſes, influence ſaid Jordan (then my under tenant) to turn tenant unto ſaid Kennedy, and executed an article of agreement between them. Upon this footing, and this only, did Dr. Kennedy ſet up his right of poſſeſſion, and on my ordering ſaid Jordan off the premiſes (who went off) ſaid Kennedy came and endeavoured with all his power to put me out of ſaid houſe, but did not; and after reſting himſelf for ſome time in the houſe, went away with Mr. Ruſton and Emmit, who came with him: Then did ſaid Kennedy get a jury of enquiry to find the right of poſſeſſion, which jury ſat at the Croſs-roads, in Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, about eight miles diſtant from the premiſes, nor did they ſuffer one man to ſit on ſaid jury who lived within ſeven miles of ſaid lands, nor did they admit any evidence, but ſuch as Dr. Kennedy produced, ſaying, they would bear no evidence againſt the King. This jury, as it is ſaid, found either Force or Detainer, and ſent the Sheriff of Cheſter county, with near an hundred armed men, who mutinied at the Provincial Line, and about fifty men, with the Sheriff, came over, and drove out my tenants, threw out their goods, and put in a tenant for Dr. Kennedy, although the very lands of which they took poſſeſſion, were about one mile ſouth of the reputed temporary line, and farther ſouth of the new lines, as ſettled by the province commiſſioners. And the very title upon which Dr. Kennedy contended, was from the Proprietor of Maryland, an act alſo to confirm ſaid title, was from the Aſſembly of Maryland; the deed of conveyance likewiſe from Emmit to Kennedy, in the ſame year,* 1767, *was acknowledged before George Cato, and Joſeph Giſpin, Eſqrs. of Cæcil county, Maryland, and recorded in ſaid county. They alſo left ſeveral hired men, bearing arms, to protect their tenants for ſome time. But John Jack, the perſon who was put into poſſeſſion, ſhortly after committed ſome crimes, for which writs were iſſued from the court of Cæcil county, againſt him, upon which he moved off, in order to eſcape being brought to juſtice. A complaint was then made by ſaid Jack and others to the Governor and Council in Pennſylvania, from whom a requiſition was ſent to the Governor and Council of Maryland, who, willing to redreſs all grievances, appointed a commiſſion to ſit near ſaid premiſes, and take the evidences and allegations of both parties, where the ſaid John Jack and others were ſummoned to attend; but they rather than have the matter brought to a fair and juſt determination, choſe not to attend, and to let their complaint, and all their proceedings fall, and I have ſince that time remained in peaceable poſſeſſion, until Mr. Lewis, thinking himſelf more wiſe, and more mighty, than other men, has renewed the old contention, without ſo much as ever making any ſurvey to aſcertain the land, which he claims.*

If either Dr. Kennedy, Jack, or Lewis, had but ſenſe enough to have ſurveyed this tract of land, for which they have alternately contended, they might have ſaved themſelves all the trouble and coſt attending this contention.

Let the abovementioned Champions in Politics take notice of his Majeſty's orders, publiſhed by Proclamation, bearing date the 29th of Auguſt, 1738; *after ſettling the temporary line, between the provinces of Pennſylvania and Maryland, in which are theſe words, that, "South of ſaid line, the temporary juriſdiction over the ſame, is agreed to be exerciſed by the Proprietor of Maryland, and his Governor, Courts and Officers."*

If Mr. Lewis's title be as good as he pretends, why will he not bring ſuit at law, which if he does I will anſwer, and for the future not otherwiſe.

MARK ALEXANDER. ‖

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in Bethlehem Townſhip, Northampton County, on the Firſt Day of May inſt. a ſmall black HORSE, about 13 Hands and a Half high, ſuppoſed to be about five Years old, paces and trots, but moſt natural to pace, branded on the near Thigh B, and his Right Ear ſeems to lop, as if hurt when young. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

May 15, 1772. ¶ ROBERT FITZ RANDOLPH.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by

MICHAEL HILLEGAS,

At his Houſe, in Second-ſtreet,

A GREAT Variety of *Muſic*, conſiſting of SOLOS, OVERTURES, CONCERTOS, SONATAS, DUETTS, LESSONS, &c. of the very beſt Authors; TUTORS, or BOOKS of INSTRUCTION, for the VIOLIN, GERMAN FLUTE, COMMON FLUTE, FIFE, and HAUTBOY; beſide an Aſſortment of ruled Muſic-paper, Violin and Guittar Strings, Hautboy Reeds, and ſome very neat Guittars, Violins, German Flutes, Fifes, French Horns, &c. &c. 6 W.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 29th day of this inſtant May,

A Valuable Tavern and Tract of Land, ſituate in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, on Lancaſter road, where Darby, Cheſter, the County Line, and John Roberts, Miller's roads come in and croſs each other, near twelve miles diſtance from Philadelphia, containing 42 acres; there is on ſaid land three dwelling houſes, viz. a licenſed public houſe, known by the name of the Roſe and Crown, being two ſtories high, with four rooms on the firſt floor, and two above, a good cellar under the whole, a good garden, ſtables, and a large new barn, a thriving young orchard, with about 130 bearing apple trees, abont 31 acres of cleared land, part well limed, 5 acres whereof is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered; another is a well built new ſquare log dovetail houſe, with a good cellar under the whole, and ſtone chimnies; the third houſe is not ſo good: Likewiſe to be ſold, at the ſame time and place, a leaſe for 11 years and 11 months, of a lot of ground, about one acre, in Radnor, joining the County Line, oppoſite the above tavern, whereon is a large dwelling-houſe, ſhop, and good cellar, very convenient for a ſtore, weaver, potter, waggoner, or any tradeſman; the whole rents at upwards of 34l. per year; to be ſold for leſs than 500l. On paying one half of the purchaſe money, credit will be given for the remainder, paying intereſt. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or part, may enquire of Peter Evans, on the premiſes, John Smith, in Radnor, John Jones, Watch-maker, in Germantown, or the owner John Jones, near Bethlehem. ‡

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Seventh Day of the week, the 30th inſtant, at 7 o'clock in the evening (purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Town, deceaſed)

A GOOD two ſtory BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, with fire-places in each room, with a good cellar, and a kitchen in part of it, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Chriſtian-ſtreet, between Front and Water or Swanſon-ſtreets, not far from Joſeph Wharton's wharff, Southwark; the LOT is 20 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on a 30 feet alley. Alſo one other LOT, adjoining the above-mentioned lot, of the ſame dimenſions, with a wooden ſhop thereon. The whole is ſubject to a groundrent of Two Shillings currency a foot, per annum.

JANE TOWN, Executrix, JOHN PARRISH, Executor.

Said *Parriſh* has for ſale, a quantity of neat and well poliſhed Flag-ſtones and Chimney-pieces, lately imported from England.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Friday, the 5th of June, at ſix o' clock in the evening (if not ſold before, at private ſale)

A LOT or PIECE of GROUND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet corner, containing in breadth on Fifth-ſtreet 16 *feet, and in length or depth* 60 *feet, clear of groundrent. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers.*

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 29th of May next, at the houſe of Jacob Hall, Eſq; in Lower Dublin townſhip, a certain meſſuage and plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Lower Dublin townſhip, containing 27 acres, and 20 perches, or thereabouts, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by ground of John Peters, and others, late eſtate of John Hall (at preſent in the tenure of Jacob Hall) ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Wedneſday, the 3d of June next, (if a fair day, if not the firſt fair day after) preciſely at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, and to be ſtruck off at 6 o' clock, on the premiſes, a tract or piece of land, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, containing about 3 acres and 127 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, having a fine commodious brick houſe, brick kitchen, ſtables, &c. erected thereon (having been a well accuſtomed Tavern for many years) bounded by ground of Stephen Carmick, Conrad Kimmel, and others; late the eſtate of Adam Weaver; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in Derry townſhip, Lancaſter county; 281 acres thereof at the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and up the river Saſquehanna; the land exceeding good, and well timbered; upwards of 40 acres of meadow, on the ſaid creek, may eaſily be made and watered; alſo, very convenient ſeats for a merchant and ſaw-mills, it being bounded on the river, and above the Conewagoe falls, and therefore has the convenience of water-carriage to the heads of ſaid river. There are 30 acres clear, a log-houſe, 16 by 20, and ſome bearing apple trees.

Alſo 223 acres, part of an Iſland in the river Saſquehanna, and oppoſite the above mentioned tract, 30 acres whereof are clear, the remainder rich, and well timbered. Alſo 500 acres of land, 2 miles above the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and adjoining the river Saſquehanna. There are two tenements, with tolerable good log-houſes, about 80 acres clear on the whole, ſome meadow already made, and a large quantity more to be cleared, and may be eaſily watered.

Alſo 400 acres, 3 miles from the river, and near the Round Top; at leaſt 100 acres of meadow may be made on this tract; the whole remarkably well watered and timbered, and the greateſt part of the upland very good for grain.

Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the ſaid land, are deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber, on Friday, the 12th of June, at the houſe of Mr. SLOUGH, in Lancaſter. Any perſon deſirous to view the lands, before the day of ſale, are requeſted to apply to JACOB METSKER, adjoining one of the tracts, who will ſhew the lands.

¶ 10s. JOSEPH GALLOWAY.

ONE HUNDRED and Twenty DOZEN of SICKLES, now preparing for the HARVEST, by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, South Side of Market-ſtreet, the fourth Door above the Priſon, they will be done with the utmoſt Care, and ſold at the loweſt Rates, and enſured to be good. ¶ 6W.

A LARGE Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, and to be ſold Wholeſale or Retail by the Subſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets. Alſo Iron Work for Griſt and Saw-mills, Clothier and Timber Screws, Smith's Bellows, and moſt Sorts of Smith's Work. The. WILLIAM DAWSON.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIG PRINCE OF WALES, WILLIAM MOORE, Maſter;

WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having great part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to MASON and HARTLEY, or ſaid Maſter on board, lying near Arch-ſtreet wharf.

To be ſold, by ſaid Maſon and Hartley, at their ſtore, nearly oppoſite the Old-Ferry, a neat aſſortment of Eaſt-India and European goods, choice RICE, ſheathing nails and paper. ¶

For LONDON,

The Ship *CAROLINA*, BENJAMIN LOXLEY, Maſter;

WILL ſail with all Expedition. She is a good Ship, and has extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JEREMIAH WARDER, and SONS, or ſaid Maſter, at the London Coffee-Houſe. *May* 14, 1772.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE ſhip Severn, James Hathorn, Maſter, expected to ſail in 3 weeks, having a great part of her cargoe ready to go on board; ſhe is a fine cedar built ſhip, ſails faſt, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; for freight, or paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or to STOCKER and WHARTON, at their warehouſe, next door to Mr. Joſeph Sims, where they have to diſpoſe of, the following articles,----3d. 4d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, both ſharp and flat points; ſheathing nails and paper; white lead ground; Briſtol beer; Taunton ale; Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe; pipes, of various ſizes, in boxes and kegs; crates of phials; forge hammers; grindſtones; baſkets of quart and half gallon empty bottles; ſail duck, No. 1 to 8; glaſs 8 by 10, 9 by 11; pigeon, duck, and gooſe ſhot; powder; ſheet and bar lead; boxes of tin; alſo rum, ſugar, ſweet oil, &c. *May* 14, 1772.

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